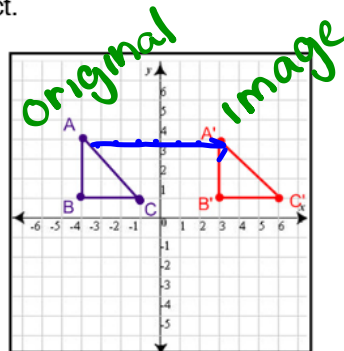


Geometry 1.2
Class-Notes

Name _____
Date _____ Period _____

Transformations: Translations (Slide)

When an object has been transformed the original new image can be easily identified based on the notation used to name the object.



In the above drawing ⁱ triangle ABC is the original and triangle A'B'C' is the new image.

Using the above drawing list the coordinates for the triangle ABC and triangle A'B'C'.

x → left/right

Original	Image
A = (-4, 4)	A' = (3, 4)
B = (-4, 1)	B' = (3, 1)
C = (-1, 1)	C' = (6, 1)

$$3 - (-4) = 7$$

$$3 - (-4) = 7$$

$$6 - (-1) = 7$$

y → up/down

How did the object change [↔] horizontally?

right 7 units

How did the object change ^{↑↓} vertically?

No vertical change

You can describe a translation by the notation $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + a, y + b)$ which means that the unit is translated horizontally a units and vertically b units.

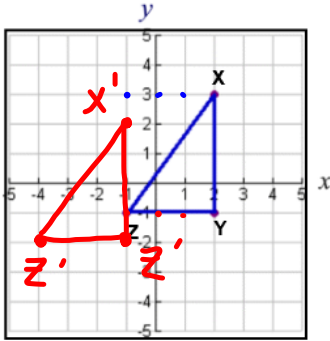
What is the rule for the the drawing above?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x + \underline{7}, y + \underline{0}) \Rightarrow (x, y) \rightarrow (x + 7, y)$$

Example 1:

a. Graph the image of the original using the transformation given:

Translation: 3 units left and 1 unit down.

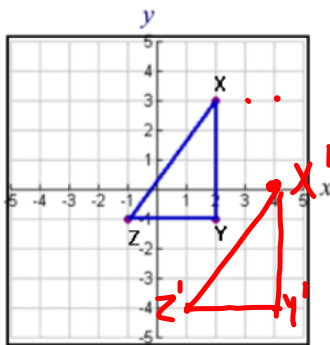


$$\begin{aligned} (x,y) &\rightarrow (x-3, y-1) \\ X(2,3) &\rightarrow (2-3, 3-1) = X'(-1,2) \\ Y(2,-1) &\rightarrow (2-3, -1-1) = Y'(-1,-2) \\ Z(-1,-1) &\rightarrow (-1-3, -1-1) = Z'(-4,-2) \end{aligned}$$

a. Graph the image of the original using the transformation given:

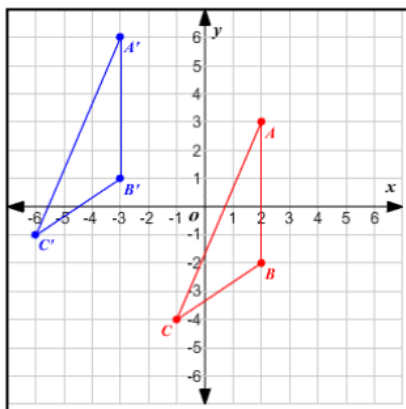
Translation $(x,y) \rightarrow (x+2, y-3)$

right 2, down 3



$$\begin{aligned} X(2,3) &\rightarrow X'(4,0) \\ Y(2,-1) &\rightarrow Y'(4,-4) \\ Z(-1,-1) &\rightarrow Z'(1,-4) \end{aligned}$$

b. Describe the translation horizontally and vertically, then write the rule for the translation.



Description:

left 5 units, up 3 units

Rule: $(x,y) \rightarrow (x-5, y+3)$